



De-mystifying Seasonal Adjustment: A visual tool to understand the process

Presented at the 3rd Seasonal Adjustment Practitioners Workshop
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Statistics
Canada

Statistique
Canada

Canada

Outline

- Context
- Seasonal Adjustment Dashboard
 - Objective
 - Approach and Content
 - Programming Platform
- Next Steps

Context

Seasonal Adjustment at Statistics Canada is done for many using X-12-ARIMA

- According to published Quality Guidelines (revision strategy, raking, ...)
- Analysis in Win X-13, X13graphjava, Production using SAS PROC X12

Responsibilities:

- Time Series Research and Analysis Centre - Responsible to develop and maintain processing environment for Seasonal Adjustment
 - Regularly scheduled update of Seasonal Adjustment Options
 - Periodic review of diagnostics
 - Ongoing Support for Analysis and Interpretation of results
- Subject Matter Experts - Responsible for the statistical project
 - Co-ordinate with various groups (collection, statistical methods, dissemination)
 - Execute processing of steps
 - Validation, analysis and dissemination of statistical outputs

Seasonal Adjustment Dashboard - Objectives

- Build Capacity - to better interpret seasonally adjusted data
 - Help analysts to understand concepts - avoid treating process as a black box
 - Training tool for seasonal adjustment courses
 - Tool for briefing to senior management
- Increase Efficiency - Reduce resources needed to support seasonal adjustment
 - Automated tool, intended to respond to most common questions
 - Avoid effort to gather relevant info from listings

Seasonal Adjustment Dashboard - Approach

Guiding Principles:

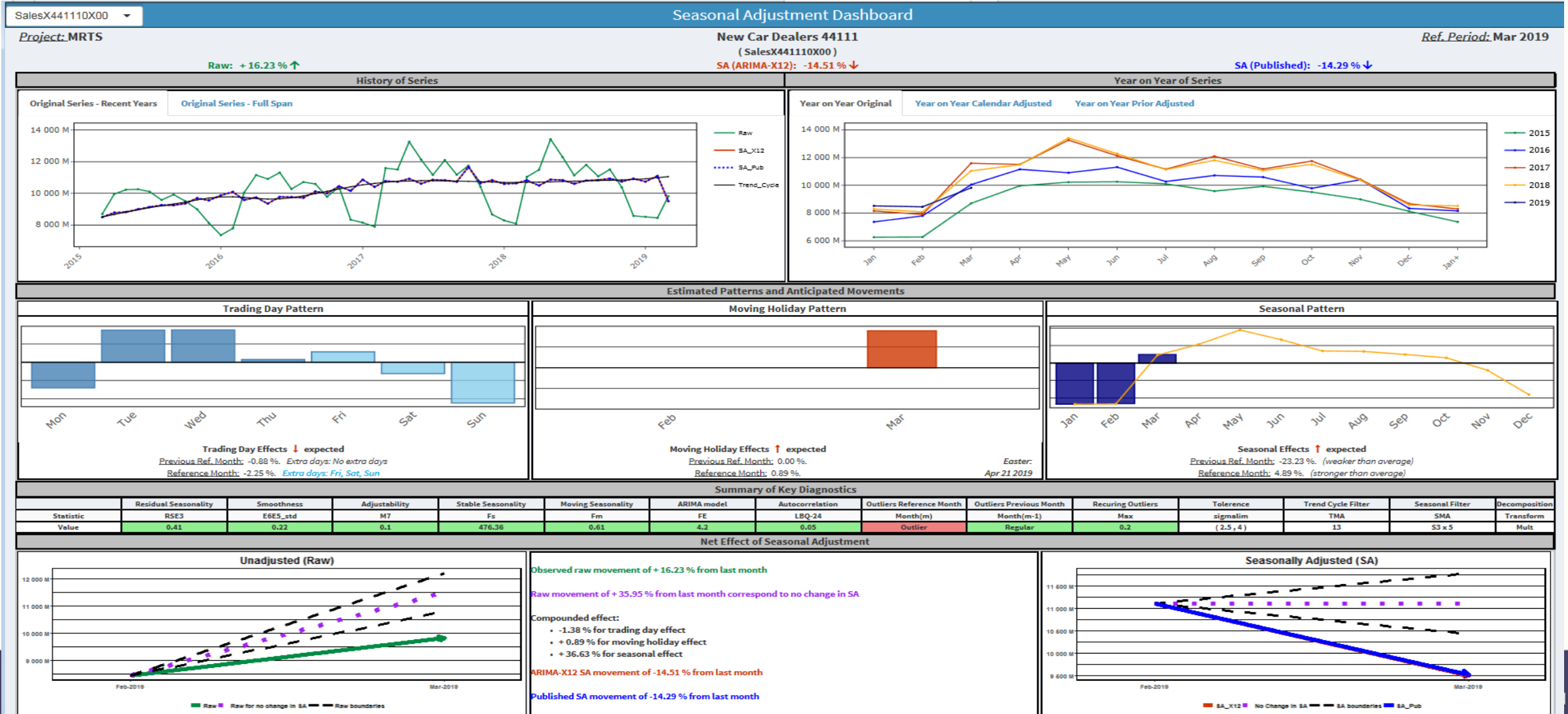
One automated page:

- As intuitive and visual as possible (with supporting numeric detail)
- Avoid over-simplification and approximations

Respond to most common questions for a specific series:

- Is the seasonal adjustment process working as it should?
- Is the seasonal pattern changing?
- Why is the effect of seasonal adjustment different this year than last year?
- Do we see an effect from *<insert event here>* in our estimates

Seasonal Adjustment Dashboard - Content

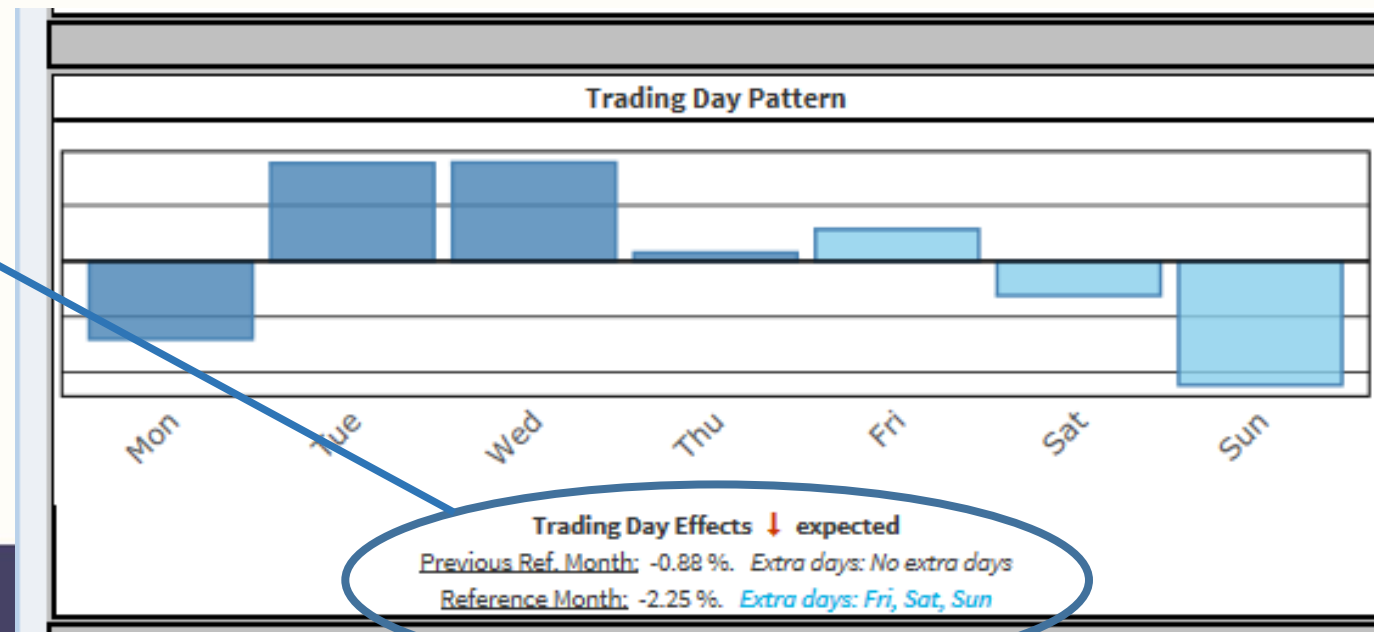


Seasonal Adjustment Dashboard - Content

Trading Day Component (includes leap year effect)

- ▶ Populated from Regression Table (daily regression parameters) and A6 (monthly factors)
- ▶ Identifies “Extra days from each month” – lighter shading

Effect of trading day component on month-to-month movement



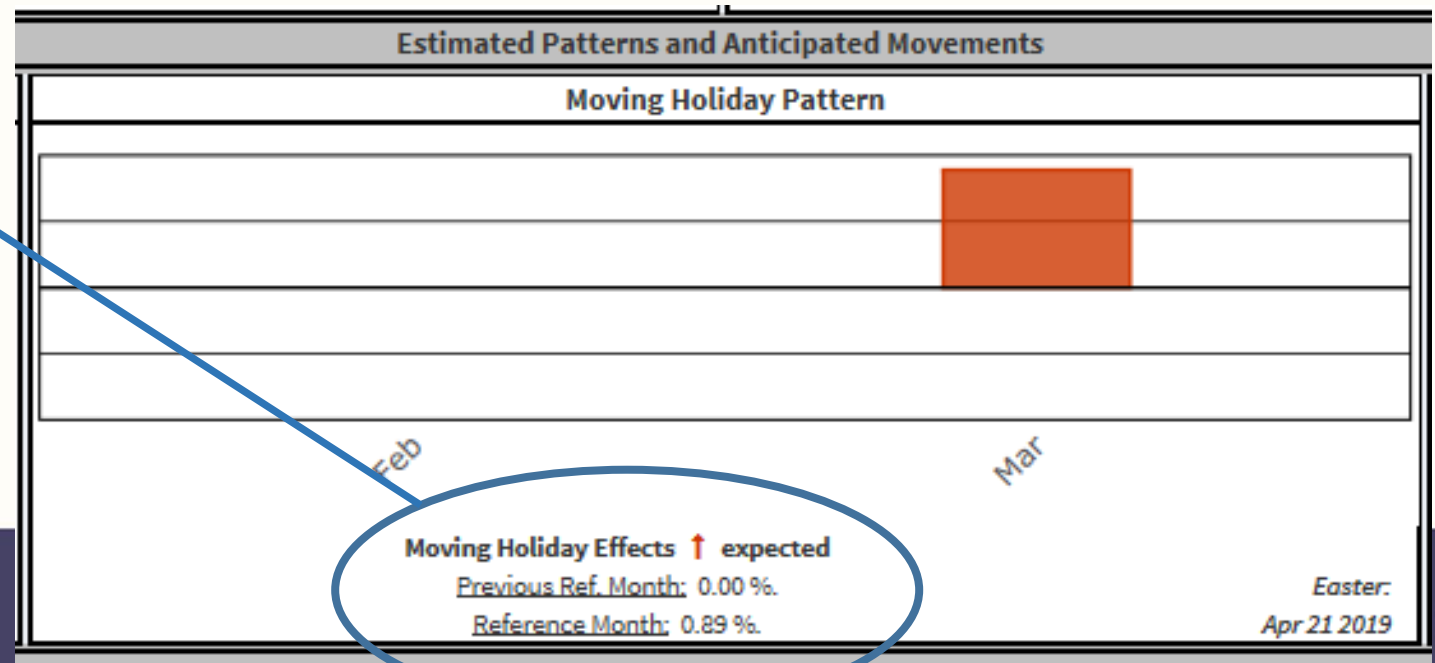
Seasonal Adjustment Dashboard - Content



Moving Holiday Component

- ▶ Populated from A7 (monthly factor)
- ▶ Developed for Easter, Labour Day
- ▶ Displays date of relevant holiday in current year

Effect of moving holiday component on month-to-month movement

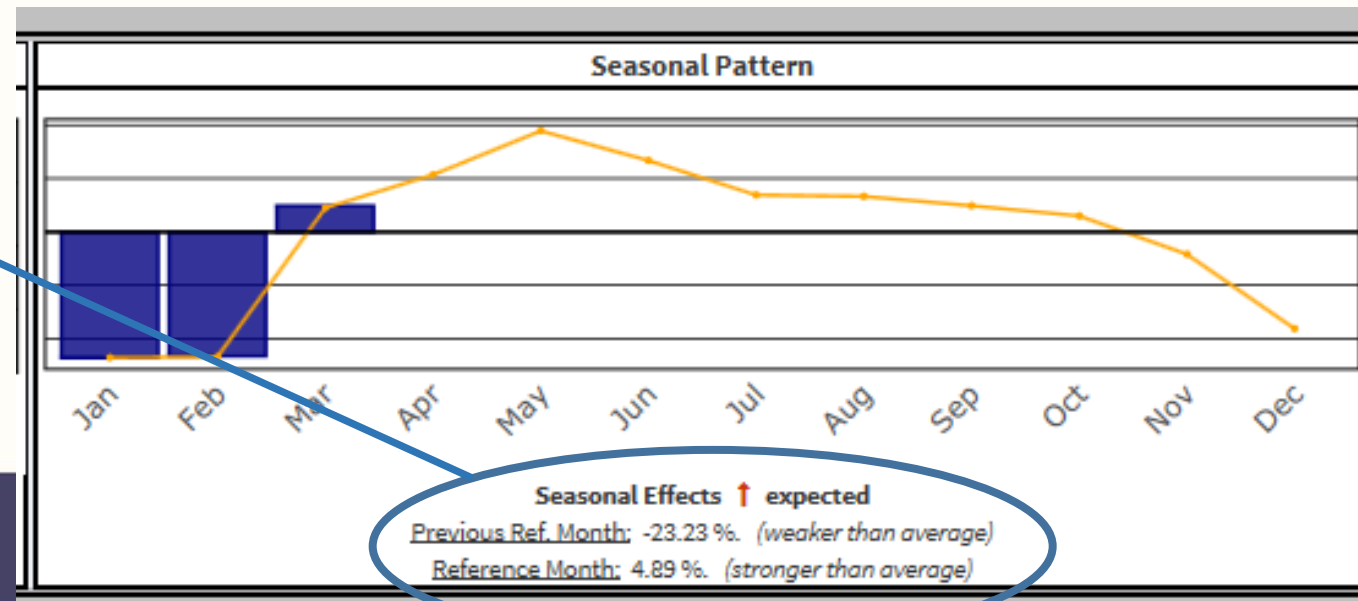


Seasonal Adjustment Dashboard - Content

Seasonal Component

- ▶ Populated from D10 (monthly factor)
- ▶ Line represents last complete year
- ▶ Bars represent months in current year

Effect of seasonal component on month-to-month movement



Seasonal Adjustment Dashboard - Content

Summary of Key Diagnostics – color coded to indicate acceptable ranges

- Primary diagnostics - Residual seasonality, smoothness relative to raw, presence and stability of seasonal pattern

	Residual Seasonality	Smoothness	Adjustability	Stable Seasonality	Moving Seasonality
Statistic	RSE3	E0E5_std	M7	Fs	Fm
Value	0.41	0.22	0.1	476.36	0.61

- Also includes forecast error, autocorrelation measures, outlier status for current and previous month

Summary of Key Diagnostics				
ARIMA model	Autocorrelation	Outliers Reference Month	Outliers Previous Month	Recurring Outliers
FE	LBQ-24	Month(m)	Month(m-1)	Max
4.2	0.65	Outlier	Regular	0.2

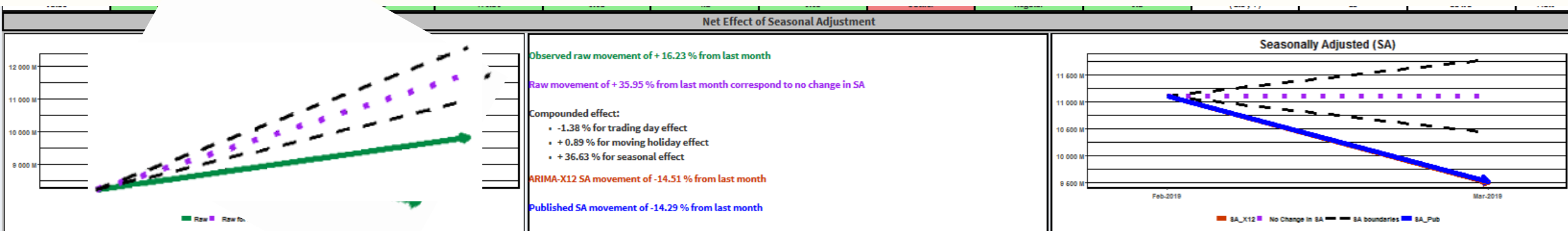
- Several X-12-ARIMA parameters (extreme value tolerances, length of seasonal and trend-cycle filter, decomposition mode)

Tolerance	Trend Cycle Filter	Seasonal Filter	Decomposition
signalim	TMA	SMA	Transform
(2.5, 4)	13	S3 x 5	Mult

- Hover function for description of validation, statistic and desired ranges

Net Effect of Seasonal Adjustment

- Relationship between Raw and SA
 - Purple line represents no-change in SA
 - Black lines represent upper and lower bounds (correspond to signalimit)
 - Green line represents observed raw values
 - Red represents seasonally adjusted movement
 - Blue represents published SA movement (after raking)

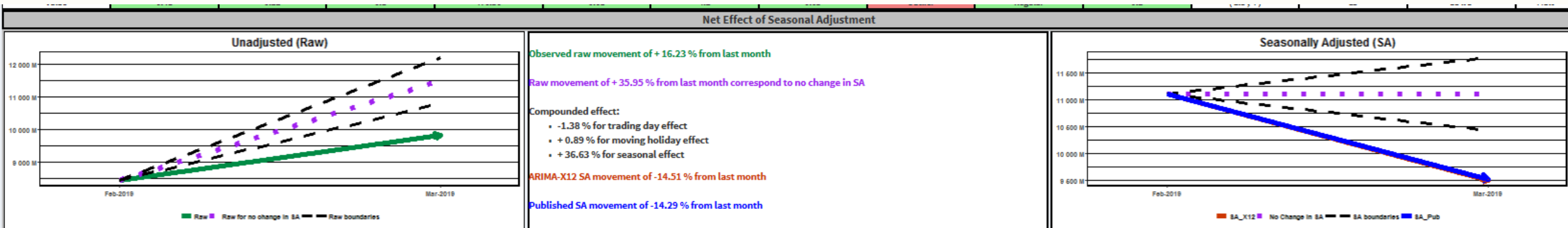


Net Effect of Seasonal Adjustment

How components are presented

- Multiplicative adjustment = compounded multiplicative factors
 - $(1 + \text{trading day}) * (1 + \text{moving holiday}) * (1 + \text{seasonal}) = (1 + \text{no change SA})$
- Additive adjustment = additive factors
 - $\text{trading day} + \text{moving holiday} + \text{seasonal} = (\text{no change SA})$

High and Low bounds are based on extreme value identification



Programming Platform - Automation

Excel workbook (manual copy-paste of input data)

Excel workbook with VisualBasic Macros (reformat of input data)

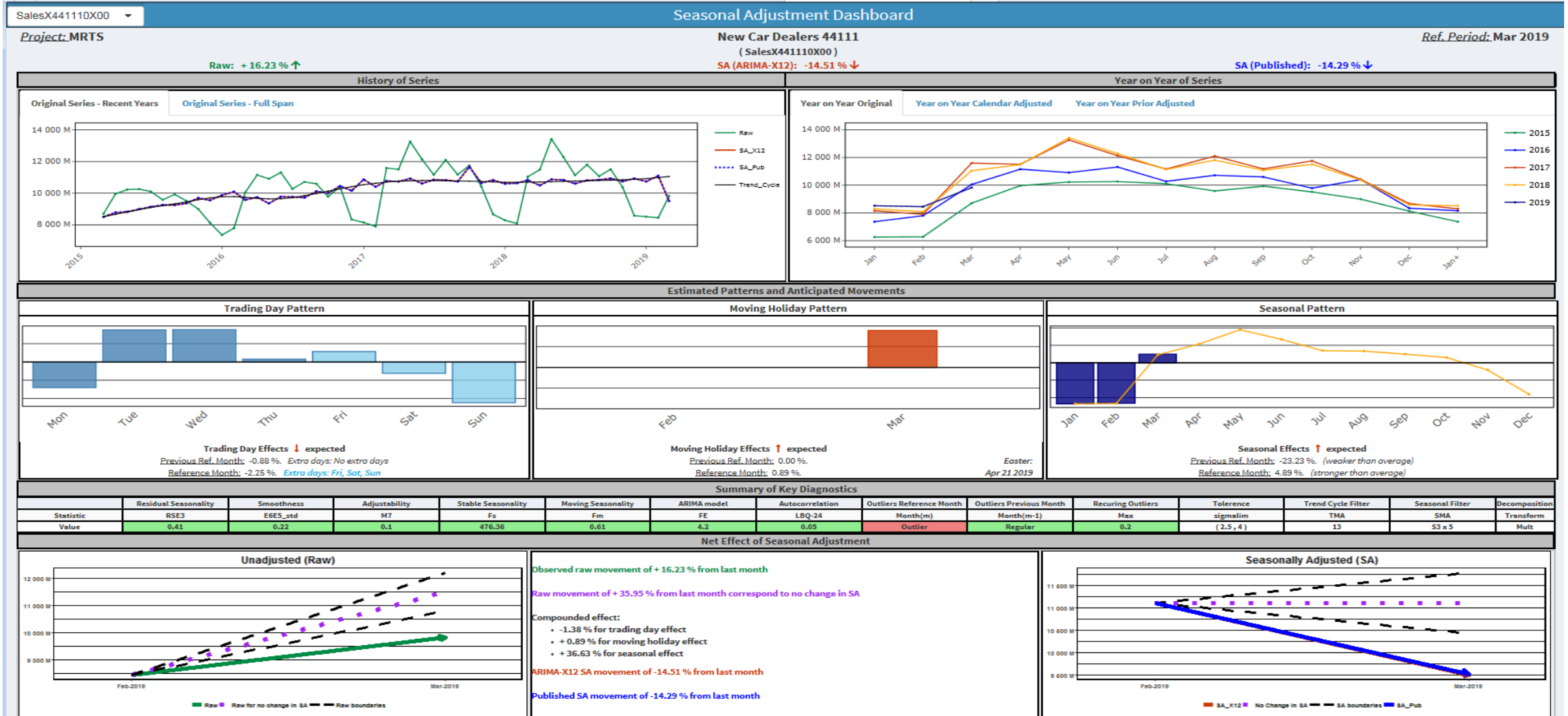
Evaluated Power BI, SAS-JMP

- Issues with customizing, locking content, interactivity

Currently programmed in R-Shiny

- Automatic - draws directly from Time Series Processing System outputs
- Html format output – no user knowledge of special software required
- Interactive features – hover, zoom, series selector, tabs

Seasonal Adjustment Dashboard - Content



Next Steps

Gradual rollout to programs

- Pilot with four key monthly economic surveys

Ongoing content development

- Incorporate feedback from pilot
- Incorporate survey specific features
 - Reference week adjustment (Labor Statistics)
 - Additional calendar effects (Chinese New Year effects in International Trade Programs, ...)
- Add second page for advanced users?

Thank you!

- For more information, please contact:
- Pour plus d'information, veuillez contacter :

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